

10th EASTERN AFRICAN LAND ADMINISTRATION NETWORK 2018 AGM & CONFERENCE 23-25 July, 2018 KAMPALA, UGANDA

TITLE: Strengthening women's land rights and security of tenure for all on customary land: *Implementing innovative and gendered land tools and approaches*

AUTHORS:

Frances Birungi-Odong

Uganda Community Based Association for Women and Children's Welfare (UCOBAC)

Francesbirungi@gmail.com

b.frances@ucobac.org

+256 772 926214













Advancing Collaborative Research in Responsible and Smart Land Management in and for Africa













- Uganda Community Based Association for Women and Children's welfare (UCOBAC)
- UN Habitat Global Land Tools Network (GLTN)
- Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban development
- ACTogether Uganda



EALAN 2018 AGM & CONFERENCE , 23-25 July, 2018 KAMPALA, UGANDA

CHALLENGES

- 80% **customary land** tenure and largely unregistered.
- Men and women don't enjoy equal rights on customary land – (inheritance, ownership, control)
- Post conflict community –
 intensified land conflicts (boundary
 disputes, encroachers/squatters)
- Land grabbing investors,

SOLUTION

National Land Policy 2013:

- ✓ Establishment of a land registry system for the registration of land rights under customary tenure.
- (Issuance of Certificates of customary ownership)





- Traditional/ conventional land rights registration methods are limited and failed to secure tenure at scale. Especially for the poor majority of whom are women.
- **✓** Expensive
- ✓ Inaccessible
- √ Complicated
- **✓** Bureaucratic



INNOVATIVE AND GENDERED LAND TOOLS AND APPROACHES

1. Social Tenure Domain Model (STDM)

- ✓ A Pro-poor Land Recordation System
- 2. Gender Evaluation Criteria
- ✓ Matrix determining impact of process to both men and women
- 3. Land mediation
- ✓ Alternative dispute resolution

CRITICAL FACTORS

- ✓ Participatory/community managed
- ✓ Affordable
- ✓ Accessible
- √ Gender responsive
- ✓ Acceptable and adoptable
- ✓ Fast
- ✓ Easy/manageable





PROCESS;

- ✓ Community mobilisation and sensitisation
- ✓ Community Engagements on gender and women's land rights





PROCESS;

- Capacity building of land actors (District land boards, Area Land Committees, sub county chief/recorder)
- ✓ Roles and responsibilities
- ✓ Process of registration of customary land as provided by registration of titles act
- ✓ Customary land rights recordation using STDM
- Data collection using GPS, tablets
- Customisation of SDTM for issuance of CCOs





PROCESS;

- ✓ Inclusive and participatory Land boundary mapping and data collection process
- ✓ Land dispute resolution Alternative dispute resolution mechanisms (Mediation)
- ✓-Data management for CCO issuance





ACHIEVEMENTS;

- ✓ Strengthened capacity of land administration actors
- ✓ Community led, Participatory and sustainable process
- ✓ Over 300 parcels mapped
- ✓ Average 65,167 Acres covered
- √ 6,851 beneficiaries (4,096 female and 2,755 male) to get CCOs
- ✓ Reduced land conflicts,(15 identified, 14 resolved)





RECOMMENDATIONS

- Adopt Fit For Purpose land Administration to secure tenure at scale
- Standardization to allow use of different innovative and pro poor land rights data collection integrate in NLIS.
- Promote Alternative dispute resolution mechanisms
- Community capacity building and participation is critical



